

New Jersey Institute of Technology
Digital Commons @ NJIT

Civil and Environmental Engineering Syllabi

NJIT Syllabi

Fall 2020

ENE 630-101: Physical Processes of Environmental Systems

Michel Boufadel

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.njit.edu/ce-syllabi>

Recommended Citation

Boufadel, Michel, "ENE 630-101: Physical Processes of Environmental Systems" (2020). *Civil and Environmental Engineering Syllabi*. 465.

<https://digitalcommons.njit.edu/ce-syllabi/465>

This Syllabus is brought to you for free and open access by the NJIT Syllabi at Digital Commons @ NJIT. It has been accepted for inclusion in Civil and Environmental Engineering Syllabi by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons @ NJIT. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@njit.edu.

ENE 630

Physical Processes in Environmental Systems (ENE 630) Fall 2020

Description:

A graduate course dealing with physical processes in various media (open water, porous media) under various hydraulic regimes (laminar and turbulent). Transport by diffusion, convection, and dispersion is considered along with sorption. Design of systems is addressed with a particular attention to key processes. Each lecture will have a fundamentals part covering basic concepts followed by an application part. Class notes will be handed out to students prior to lectures. Students would be able to annotate on the hardcopy during the lecture.

Prerequisites: Calculus II, Fluid Mechanics, or permission of instructor.

Classes

When: Classes will be held Wednesday 6-9:10 pm

Where: Tiernan Hall 114

Attendance (in person or online) is expected.

Instructor

Michel C. Boufadel, PhD, PE

boufadel@njit.edu; Ph:(973) 596-5657

Room 435 Colton Hall

Office hours (online): Wednesday 2-5 pm or by appointment.

Textbook:

Transport modeling for environmental engineers and scientists, Second Edition, by Mark M. Clark, Wiley Intersciences, 664 pp., 2009. ISBN-10 0470260726.

Additional reading books:

Walter J. Weber, Jr., and Francis A. DiGiano, Process dynamics in environmental systems John Wiley and Sons, inc.

Fischer, H.B, E. J. List, R. Koh, J. Imberger, and N. H. Brooks, Mixing in inland and coastal waters, by, Academic Press, 1979.

Levenspiel, O., Chemical Reaction Engineering, John Wiley, Third Edition, 1999.

Cussler, E. L., Diffusion, Mass Transfer in Fluid Systems, John Wiley, paperback edition.

Reid, R. C., J. M. Prausnitz, B. E. Poling, The Properties of Gases and Liquids, Fourth Edition, Mc.Graw Hill, 1987.

Hughes, S. A., Physical models and laboratory techniques in coastal engineering, Advanced series on ocean engineering, World Scientific, 2005.

Schedule/Topics:

Fluid Mechanics of Chemical Transport (Chapter 5)

Simplification of the governing equations for transport (the Navier-Stokes equations).

Boundary Layer: Laminar range and universal velocity laws. Flow between flat plates.

Application: This lecture forms the basis for numerous applications in water treatment and movement of chemicals in streams.

Properties of Suspensions. (Chapter 2).

Motion of discrete particles in fluids (water, air, etc.). Correction for Slippage.

Type II settling.

Application: Design of settling tanks. Movement of aerosols in the atmosphere.

Turbulent flows.

Turbulent scales. Mixing energy in vessels. Kolmogorov scale.

Application: Design of impellers. Coagulation and flocculation energy needs. How to scale up?

Flow through porous media (Chapters 5 and 8).

Laminar flow: Darcy's law. Relation between structure and specific permeability: Capillary-tube models, Permeability equations for laminar flow.

Turbulent flow: Ergun and Burke Plummer equations.

Applications: Design of granular (sand, carbon) filters in water treatment. Clogging of filters. Movement of water in aquifers.

Dimensional analysis (Class notes).

Non-dimensionalization through equations. The Pi-theorem.

Applications: Reynolds number.

Interaction of Discrete Particles (Chapter 3).

Surface tension effects, double layer.

Application: Coagulation and flocculation in water treatment. Formation of river deltas.

Diffusion of solute (and temperature) in dilute solutions (Chapter 6)

Macroscopic approach. The diffusion/heat equation. Formulas for the diffusion coefficient.

Microscopic approach. Brownian motion. Einstein's law of diffusion.

Dispersion (Chapter 7)

Dispersion in laminar flow: Taylor's dispersion. (Fischer et al., p 82-91)

Hagen-Poiseuille flow. Turbulent flow. Turbulent diffusion. Eddy diffusivity model, Prandtl's mixing length. (Fischer et al., p 91-94) Turbulent dispersion. Reynolds Averaging. Eddy-Viscosity.

Application: Chlorine boosting in water distribution system. Transport of chemicals in streams and in aquifers.

Free convection.

Stability of layers in the atmosphere and in water. Rayleigh number

Adsorption Partitioning and Interfaces (Chapter 4).

Isotherms. Dalton's law. Raoult's law. Henry's law. Partitioning coefficients.

Reaction kinetics(Chapter 9).

Enzymatic reactions. Inhibition. Heterogeneous reactions. Adsorption. Homogenous reactions.

Effectiveness factor of porous catalysts.

Application: Granular activated carbon.

Reactor Design (Chapter 10)

Completely stirred tank reactor, plug flow.

Wastewater treatment. Chemostat.

Non-ideal Reactor**Mass Transfer Processes (Chapter 7).**

(If there is time). Mass transfer equation. The Graetz-Nusselt problem. Mass and heat transfer to a sphere. Forced convection.

Grading

Mid-term exam	30%
Final Exam	40%
Homeworks	20%
Quizzes	5%
Class Participation	5%

The lowest homework grade and the lowest quiz grade will be dropped.

Homework Instructions

- Homeworks should be turned in at the beginning of the class on the due date. Late homeworks will receive a zero grade.
- The questions sheets should be provided in the beginning of the homework solution.
- Only one side of a 8.5x11 sheet must be used.
- Include the information that is given and clearly state any assumption. To receive credit for a problem, you must show your work.
- No credit will be given if you only write the answer.
- If you think that your answer is not correct (i.e., it does not make sense to you) but you don't know what else to do, say so.
- Homeworks should be written as technical reports. The text should be reported first followed by tables and then figures. The text should present the question and the solution, and point to the figures and tables. All tables should be numbered, and all figures should be numbered. Tables should have titles but no captions. Figures should have captions but no titles.
- All axes in graphs should have titles displaying the name of the variable and the units that are being used in the graph.
- Straight lines should be used to connect between data points in graphs. Use of smooth lines from a spreadsheet software, such as Excell, will be penalized.
- Printout of columns of numbers from a spreadsheet will be penalized.
- Discussing the problems with your colleagues is permitted but copying is not.

Exams Instructions

- Quizzes might be given at the beginning of any lecture.
- Bring a **non-programmable calculator** with you to the class, you might need it for a pop quiz.
- Make-up examinations will only be offered with advance permission from the instructor and only under the most extreme circumstances. A typed request and explanation must be provided. But regardless, expect make-up exams to be more difficult.
- To receive credit for a problem, you must show your work. No credit will be given if you only write the answer. If you think that your answer is not correct (i.e., it does not make sense to you) but you don't know what else to do, say so.

Accessibility

Any student who has a need for accommodation based on the impact of a disability should contact the Instructor privately to discuss the specific situation as soon as possible. Contact Disability Resources and Services to coordinate reasonable accommodations for students with documented disabilities. The NJIT web site below provides additional information: <http://www.njit.edu/counseling/services/disabilities.php>

Academic Honesty

Student's expected to abide by the NJIT's Academic Honesty Policy. Any work submitted by a student for academic credit will be the student's own work. You are encouraged to study together and to discuss information and concepts covered in lecture and the sections with other students. You can give "consulting" help to or receive "consulting" help from such students. However, this permissible cooperation should never involve one student having possession of a copy of all or part of work done by someone else. During examinations, you must do your own work. Talking or discussion is not permitted during the examinations, nor may you compare papers, copy from others, or collaborate in any way. Any collaborative behavior during the examinations will result in failure of the exam, and may lead to failure of the course and University disciplinary action.

Academic Integrity is the cornerstone of higher education and is central to the ideals of this course and the university. Cheating is strictly prohibited and devalues the degree that you are working on. As a member of the NJIT community, it is your responsibility to protect your educational investment by knowing and following the academic code of integrity policy that is found at: <http://www5.njit.edu/policies/sites/policies/files/academic-integrity-code.pdf>.

*Please note that it is my professional obligation and responsibility to report any academic misconduct to the Dean of Students Office. **Any student found in violation of the code by cheating, plagiarizing or using any online software inappropriately will result in disciplinary action. This may include a failing grade of F, and/or suspension or dismissal from the university.** If you have any questions about the code of Academic Integrity, please contact the Dean of Students Office at dos@njit.edu*